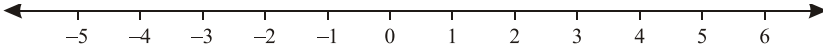


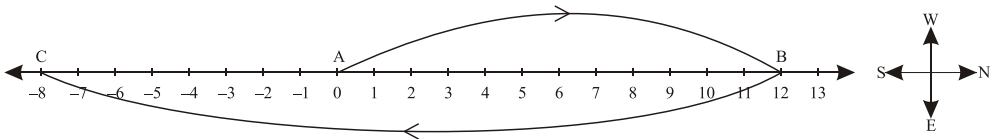
Integers : Multiplication and Division

Exercise 1.1

1. (a) The representation of temperature on the number line.



- (b) March is the hottest month and January is the coldest months.
 (c) The temperature difference $3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $(-2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C})$ $3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (d) The temperature difference $1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
2. (a) (10) (14) (10) (14) (b) (31) 17 29 25 8 (29)
 (c) 23 40 (51) 23 51 40 (d) 17 (22) (35) 35 (51) (36)
3. The temperature on Tuesday 6 $(4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C})$ 6 4 $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 The temperature on Wednesday $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 The temperature on Thursday $7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $6\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
4. The height of a plane 5500 m
 The deep of a submarine 730 m
 the vertical distance between them 5500 (730) 5500 730 6230 m
- 5.



The distance travelled towards south 20 m
 Therefore 12 m (20 m) 8 m
 Thus, Rohan's final position will be 8 m at point C.

Exercise 1.2

1. (a) $12 \times 7 = 84$ (b) $8 \times 8 = 64$ (c) $9 \times (11) = 99$
 (d) $6 \times (5) = 30$ (e) $0 \times (45) = 0$
2. (a) $2 \times 3 = (8)$ (b) $(5) \times 7 = (4)$ (c) $(6) \times (7) = (9)$
 $6 \times (8) = 48$ $(35) \times (4) = 140$ $42 \times (9) = 378$
- (d) $(11) \times (21) = 0$ $0 \times (34) = 0$ (e) $(2) \times (5) = (4)$ $(10) \times (10) = 100$
 $231 \times 0 = 0$ $0 \times (34) = 0$ $0 \times 0 = 0$ $10 \times 40 = 400$
3. (a) $(3) \times 5 = (3)$ $3 \times (3) = [5 \times 3] = (3)$ $8 \times 24 = 192$
 (b) $7 \times (13) = 7 \times (10) + 7 \times [(13) - (10)]$ (By distributive property of multiplication)
 $7 \times (23) = 161$
 (c) $10 \times (4) = 5 \times (4) + (4) \times [10 - 5]$ (By distributive property of multiplication)
 $(4) \times 15 = 60$
 (d) $(12) \times (7) = (12) \times (3) + (12) \times [(7) - (3)]$ (By distributive property of multiplication.)
 $(12) \times [10] = 120$

| | | |
|----|-----------------------------|---|
| 4. | Makes a profit on product A | ₹ 52 |
| | total profit on product A | ₹ 52 3600 |
| | | ₹ 187200 |
| | Makes a loss on product B | ₹ 10 |
| | total loss on product B | ₹ 10 4000 |
| | | ₹ 40000 |
| | Grand profit | total profit on product A - total loss on product B |
| | | ₹ (187200 - 40000) |
| | | ₹ 147200 |

Exercise 1.3

- Using BODMAS rule and order of brackets.
 - $75 - (5) - 15$ (b) $36 - (12) - 3$ (c) $34 - (17) - 2$ (d) $0 - (98) - 0$
- $45 \div (-9) - 5$ (b) $-60 \div (-12) - 5$ (c) $23 \div (-23) - 1$
 - $-11 \div -11 - 1$ (e) $-76 \div (-2) - 38$
- True (b) False (c) False (d) True

Exercise 1.4

- Using BODMAS rule and order of brackets.
 - $25 - 12 - (9 - 3)$ (b) $29 - [38 - \{40 - 2 - (6 - 9 - 3) - 3\}]$
 $25 - 12 - 6$ $29 - [38 - \{40 - 2 - (6 - 3) - 3\}]$
 $25 - 2$ $29 - [38 - \{20 - 1\}]$
 23 $29 - [38 - 19] - 29 - 19 - 10$
 - $14 - \frac{1}{2} \{13 - 2 - (7 - 5 - \overline{2 - 3})\}$ (d) $14 - \frac{1}{5} [\{10 - (25 - \overline{13 - 3})\} - (5)]$
 $14 - \frac{1}{2} \{13 - 2 - (7 - 5 - 5)\}$ $14 - \frac{1}{5} [\{10 - (25 - 10)\} - (5)]$
 $14 - \frac{1}{2} \{13 - 2 - (7)\}$ $14 - \frac{1}{5} [\{10 - 15\} - (5)]$
 $14 - \frac{1}{2} \{13 - 2 - 7\}$ $14 - \frac{1}{5} [(150) - (5)]$
 $14 - \frac{1}{2} \{15 - 7\}$ $14 - \frac{1}{5} - 30$
 $14 - \frac{1}{2} - 8 - 14 - 4 - 10$ $14 - 6 - 20$
 - $27 - \frac{1}{4} \{5 - (48) - (16)\}$ (f) $5 - (48) - 12 - (2) - 6$
 $27 - \frac{1}{4} \{5 - 3\}$ $5 - (4) - (12)$
 $27 - \frac{1}{4} - (8)$ $5 - 4 - 12$
 $27 - (2)$ $4 - 17$
 $27 - 2 - 29$ 13
 - $140 - 12 - [3 - 4\{2 - 3 - 2 - (8)\}]$ (h) $120 - \frac{1}{17} [3 - 4\{2 - 3 - 2 - (8)\}]$
 $140 - 12 - [3 - 4\{6 - 16\}]$ $120 - \frac{1}{17} [3 - 4\{6 - 16\}]$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 140 \quad 12 \quad [3 \quad 4\{22\}] \\
 140 \quad 12 \quad [3 \quad 88] \\
 140 \quad 12 \quad [\quad 85] \\
 140 \quad 1020 \quad 1160 \\
 \text{2. (a) } 7 \quad 6 \quad (\quad 4) \\
 \text{L.H.S.} \quad 7 \quad 6 \quad (\quad 4) \\
 \quad \quad \quad 7 \quad (\quad 24) \\
 \quad \quad \quad 17 \\
 \text{L.H.S} \quad \text{R.H.S} \\
 7 \quad 6 \quad (\quad 4) \quad 8 \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 8)(\quad 1) \\
 \text{(b) } (\quad 4) \quad (\quad 22) \quad 4 \quad (\quad 3) \quad \text{or} \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 2) \\
 \text{L.H.S.} \quad (\quad 4) \quad (\quad 22) \quad 4 \quad (\quad 3) \quad \text{R.H.S} \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 2) \\
 \quad \quad \quad (88) \quad 4 \quad (\quad 3) \quad \quad \quad \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 4 \\
 \quad \quad \quad (88) \quad (\quad 12) \quad 1056 \\
 \text{L.H.S.} \quad \text{R.H.S} \\
 (\quad 4) \quad (\quad 22) \quad 4 \quad (\quad 3) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 1) \quad (\quad 2) \\
 \text{(c) } (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 7) \quad \text{or} \quad (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad 7 \\
 \text{L.H.S.} \quad (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 7) \quad \text{R.H.S.} \quad (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad 7 \\
 \quad \quad \quad 18 \quad (\quad 14) \quad \quad \quad \quad 18 \quad 14 \\
 \quad \quad \quad \frac{18}{14} \quad \frac{9}{7} \quad 1\frac{2}{7} \quad \quad \quad \frac{18}{14} \quad \frac{9}{7} \quad 1\frac{2}{7} \\
 \text{L.H.S} \quad \text{R.H.S} \\
 (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 7) > (\quad 9) \quad (\quad 2) \quad (\quad 2) \quad 7
 \end{array}$$

MCQ.s

1. (d) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (d) 6. (d) 7. (b) 8. (b) 9. (a) 10. (a)

2

Fractions

Exercise 2.1

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{1. (a) } \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } 63 \quad \frac{2}{7} \quad 63 \quad 2 \quad 9 \quad 18 \\
 \text{(c) } \frac{1}{6} \text{ of } 2\frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{11}{4} \quad \frac{11}{24} \\
 \text{2. (a) } \frac{4}{7} \text{ of } 2\frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{4}{7} \quad \frac{11}{4} \quad \frac{11}{7} \quad 1\frac{4}{7} \\
 \text{(c) } \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 2\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{5}{2} \quad \frac{5}{4} \quad 1\frac{1}{4} \\
 \text{3. The fraction are :} \\
 \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 3 \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad 3 \quad 2 \\
 \frac{7}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{7}{3} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{7}{4} \\
 \text{(b) } \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 62 \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad 62 \quad \frac{3}{2} \quad \frac{31}{2} \quad \frac{93}{2} \\
 \text{(d) } \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 51 \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad 51 \quad 2 \quad 17 \quad 34 \\
 \text{(b) } 3\frac{1}{7} \quad 2 \quad \frac{22}{7} \quad 2 \quad \frac{44}{7} \quad 6\frac{2}{7} \\
 \text{(d) } \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 5\frac{1}{7} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{36}{7} \quad \frac{3}{7} \quad \frac{9}{7} \quad \frac{27}{7} \quad 3\frac{6}{7} \\
 \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } \frac{12}{7} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{12}{7} \quad \frac{4}{7} \\
 \text{and } \frac{1}{5} \text{ of } \frac{15}{4} \quad \frac{1}{5} \quad \frac{15}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4}
 \end{array}$$

So, the fraction are $2\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{7}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.

Which is unlike fractions.

denominator of the fractions are 1, 7, 4 and 4.

LCM of 1, 7, 4 and 4 = 28

So, we convert each one of the given fraction into an equivalent fraction with denominator 28.

$$2\frac{2}{1}\frac{28}{28}, \frac{56}{28}; \frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{4}, \frac{16}{28}$$

$$\frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{7}, \frac{49}{28}; \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{7}, \frac{21}{28}$$

Clearly,

$$\frac{56}{28}, \frac{49}{28}, \frac{21}{28}, \frac{16}{28}$$

$$2\frac{7}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{7}$$

Thus, the descending order : $\frac{2}{3}$ of 3, $\frac{7}{3}$ of $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\frac{15}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\frac{12}{7}$.

4. (a) $11\frac{1}{4}, 3\frac{1}{5}, 4\frac{2}{3}, 5\frac{6}{7}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{7}{6}$

$$\frac{44}{4}, \frac{15}{5}, \frac{12}{3}, \frac{35}{7}$$

$$\frac{45}{4}, \frac{16}{5}, \frac{14}{3}, \frac{41}{7}$$

(9) 4) $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{41}{3}, 36, \frac{82}{3}, \frac{36}{3}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{82}{3}, \frac{190}{3}, 63\frac{1}{3}$

(b) $6\frac{2}{5}, \frac{25}{8}, -\frac{4}{3}, 1\frac{1}{8}, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{25}{8}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{8}{8}, \frac{1}{8}$

$$\frac{32}{5}, \frac{25}{8}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{9}{8}$$

(4) 5) $\frac{3}{2}, 20, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{40}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{37}{2}, 18\frac{1}{2}$

(c) $3\frac{1}{4}, 3\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{7}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{3}{21}$

$$\frac{13}{4}, \frac{16}{5}, \frac{14}{21}, \frac{9}{21}$$

$$\frac{13}{5}, \frac{4}{21}, \frac{5}{21}, \frac{52}{105}, \frac{21}{105}, \frac{25}{105}, \frac{1092}{105}, \frac{25}{105}, \frac{1067}{105}, 10\frac{17}{105}$$

(d) $\frac{3}{11}, \frac{5}{22}, \frac{14}{9}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{11}, \frac{2}{22}, \frac{5}{18}, \frac{14}{18}, \frac{2}{18}, \frac{5}{18}, \frac{3}{18}$

$$\frac{6}{22}, \frac{5}{18}, \frac{28}{18}, \frac{15}{22}, \frac{11}{18}, \frac{43}{18}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{43}{18}, \frac{43}{36}, 1\frac{7}{36}$$

(e) $4\frac{1}{2}, 2\frac{1}{5}, 2\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{3}{5}, 2\frac{2}{3}, 3\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{4}{2} \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{3} \frac{2}{5} \frac{5}{3} \frac{1}{4} \frac{2}{3} \frac{3}{5} \frac{2}{3} \frac{3}{4} \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{9}{2} \frac{11}{5} \frac{8}{3} \frac{3}{5} \frac{8}{3} \frac{15}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \frac{11}{5} \frac{4}{5} \quad [3 \ 2]$$

$$\frac{132}{5} \frac{6}{5} \frac{132}{5} \frac{6}{5} \frac{5}{5} \frac{132}{5} \frac{30}{5} \frac{102}{5} \quad 20\frac{2}{5}$$

(f) $\frac{6}{25} \frac{50}{24} - \frac{5}{9} \frac{1}{25} \frac{2}{4} \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{45} \frac{45}{90} \frac{2}{90} \frac{43}{90}$

5. The product of given fraction $\frac{7}{45} \frac{5}{11}$
 $\frac{7}{9} \frac{7}{11} \frac{7}{99}$

6. A CNG car runs using 1 litre of gas 25km

Therefore, it will run using $5\frac{3}{4}$ litre of gas $25 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$ km

$$25 \times \frac{23}{4} \text{ km}$$

$$\frac{575}{4} \text{ km}$$

$$143\frac{1}{4} \text{ km}$$

7. The product $\frac{66}{7} \frac{4}{3} \frac{22}{7} \frac{4}{7} \frac{88}{7} \frac{12}{7} \frac{4}{7}$

8. According to the questions one third of $\frac{33}{4}$ half of $\frac{11}{2}$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{33}{4} \frac{1}{2} \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\frac{11}{4} \frac{11}{4}$$

Yes, the given product of fraction is same.

9. The total number of fruits 240

(a) Therefore, the number of pomegranates $\frac{1}{4} \times 240$
 60

The number of oranges $\frac{1}{3} \times 240$ 80

And, the number of apples $\frac{1}{5} \times 240$ 48

(b) So, the number of mangoes (240 - 60 - 80 - 48)
 240 - 188
 52

The fraction $\frac{52}{240} \frac{13}{60}$

10. Seema studies everyday 3 hrs

And Roma studies $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 hrs

So, the total time of Roma $5\frac{1}{2}$ 3 hrs

$\frac{15}{2}$ hrs

$7\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

11. The distance between the first and last chair $(15 - 1) \frac{1}{4} = 14\frac{1}{4}$ m

$14\frac{1}{4}$ m

$\frac{7}{2}$ m $3\frac{1}{2}$ m

Exercise 2.2

1. (a) The reciprocal of $\frac{1}{5}$ is 5

Which is a whole number.

(c) The reciprocal of $5\frac{1}{4}$ is $\frac{4}{21}$

Which is a proper fraction.

(e) The reciprocal of $\frac{7}{3}$ is $\frac{3}{7}$

Which is a proper fraction.

(g) The reciprocal of 8 is $\frac{1}{8}$

Which is a proper fraction.

2. (a) $5\frac{2}{11}$, $5\frac{11}{2}$, $\frac{55}{2}$, $27\frac{1}{2}$

(c) $\frac{6}{11}$, 15, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{1}{15}$, $\frac{6}{165}$, $\frac{2}{55}$

(e) $\frac{16}{7}$, $\frac{28}{42}$, $\frac{16}{7}$, $\frac{42}{28}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{24}{7}$, $3\frac{3}{7}$

(g) $\frac{343}{64}$, $\frac{7}{8}$, $\frac{343}{64}$, $\frac{8}{7}$, $\frac{49}{8}$, $6\frac{1}{8}$

(h) $36\frac{1}{4}$, $8\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{145}{4}$, $\frac{34}{4}$, $\frac{145}{4}$, $\frac{4}{34}$, $\frac{145}{34}$, $4\frac{9}{34}$

3. (a) $5\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{16}{7}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{21}{4}$, $\frac{16}{7}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, (3 4) $\frac{3}{2}$, 12, $\frac{3}{2}$, 6, 3, 18

(b) $18\frac{2}{9}$, $9\frac{1}{9}$, $1\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{164}{9}$, $\frac{82}{9}$, $\frac{4}{3}$, $\frac{164}{9}$, $\frac{9}{82}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 2, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$

(c) $2\frac{1}{7}$, $2\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{15}{7}$, $\frac{14}{5}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, (3 2) $\frac{1}{10}$, 6, 10, 60

(b) The reciprocal of $6\frac{1}{7}$ is $\frac{7}{43}$

Which is a proper fraction.

(d) The reciprocal of 1 is 1

Which is a whole number.

(f) The reciprocal of $\frac{11}{5}$ is $\frac{5}{11}$

Which is a proper fraction.

(h) The reciprocal of 27 is $\frac{1}{27}$

Which is a proper fraction.

(b) $6\frac{9}{5}$, $6\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{30}{9}$, $3\frac{3}{9}$, $3\frac{1}{3}$

(d) $6\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{7}{35}$, $\frac{34}{5}$, $\frac{35}{7}$, $\frac{34}{7}$, 34

(f) $25\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{8}{13}$, $\frac{51}{2}$, $\frac{13}{8}$, $\frac{663}{16}$, $41\frac{7}{16}$

$$(d) \frac{4}{15} \frac{6}{28} \frac{9}{2} \frac{6}{15} \frac{9}{7} \frac{9}{2} \frac{6}{15} \frac{9}{7} \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{5} \frac{9}{7} \frac{9}{35}$$

$$(e) 24 \frac{2}{3} \quad 3 \frac{1}{9} \quad 24 \frac{8}{3} \quad \frac{28}{9} \quad 24 \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{9}{28} \quad \frac{(3 \ 3) \ 9}{28} \quad \frac{81}{28} \quad 2 \frac{25}{28}$$

$$(f) 7 \frac{2}{5} \quad \frac{5}{9} \quad 9 \frac{4}{9} \quad 7 \frac{12}{5} \quad \frac{5}{9} \quad \frac{85}{9} \quad 7 \frac{5}{12} \quad \frac{5}{9} \quad \frac{9}{85} \quad \frac{35}{12} \quad \frac{1}{17} \quad \frac{35}{204}$$

Exercise 2.3

1. Cost of $6\frac{1}{2}$ m of lace ₹ $115\frac{3}{8}$

Therefore, cost of 1 m of lace ₹ $115\frac{3}{8} \div 6\frac{1}{2}$

$$₹ \frac{923}{8} \div \frac{13}{2}$$

$$₹ \frac{923}{8} \times \frac{2}{13}$$

$$₹ \frac{71}{4} \quad ₹ 17\frac{1}{4}$$

2. The duration of one period in a school $\frac{2}{3}$ hrs

the duration of 9 such periods $9 \times \frac{2}{3}$ hrs

$$= 3 \times 2 \text{ hrs}$$

$$= 6 \text{ hrs}$$

3. Waseem can stitch a frock $\frac{3}{4}$ hrs

So, the required time to stitch 24 frocks $24 \times \frac{3}{4}$ hrs

$$= 6 \times 3 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 18 \text{ hrs}$$

4. The given side of a square $16\frac{3}{4}$ m $\frac{67}{4}$ m

the area of a square side²

the area of a square $\frac{67}{4} \text{ m}^2$

$$\frac{4489}{16} \text{ m}^2$$

$$280\frac{9}{16} \text{ m}^2$$

And, the perimeter of a square 4 side

$$4 \times \frac{67}{4} \text{ m} = 67 \text{ m}$$

Hence, the area and perimeter of a square is $280\frac{9}{16} \text{ m}^2$ and 67 m respectively.

5. A bucket can hold of water $25\frac{3}{4}l$

So, $2\frac{2}{3}$ buckets contained water $2\frac{2}{3} \times 25\frac{3}{4}l$
 $\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{103}{4}l$
 $\frac{206}{3}l$ $68\frac{2}{3}l$

6. Distance covered by Amar in 1 hours $5\frac{1}{3}$ km

Distance covered by Amar in $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours $2\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{3}$ km
 $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{16}{3}$ km 3×4 km 12 km

7. The weight of one bag of cement $15\frac{2}{3}$ kg

There, the weight of $22\frac{4}{7}$ such bags $15\frac{2}{3} \times 22\frac{4}{7}$ kg
 $\frac{47}{3} \times \frac{158}{7}$ kg
 $353\frac{13}{21}$ kg

8. Let x be multiplied to get 42.

Therefore, $x \times 9\frac{4}{5} = 42$
 $x = 42 \times \frac{5}{49}$
 $42 \times \frac{5}{49} = \frac{6}{7} \times \frac{5}{7} = \frac{30}{49} = 4\frac{2}{7}$

9. The given perimeter of a square $9\frac{1}{11}$ m

The perimeter of a square $4 \times \text{side}$
 $9\frac{1}{11} = 4 \times \text{side}$
 $4 \times \text{side} = \frac{100}{11}$
 $\text{side} = \frac{100}{4 \times 11} = \frac{25}{11}$ m
the area of a square side^2
 $\frac{25}{11} \text{ m}^2 = \frac{625}{121} \text{ m}^2$
 $4\frac{9}{121} \text{ m}^2$

10. Total weight of toffees $30\frac{3}{8}$ kg

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| the weight of 1 packets | $2\frac{1}{40}$ kg |
| Number of packets | $\frac{\text{Total weight of toffees}}{\text{The weight of 1 packet}}$ |
| | $30\frac{3}{8}$ kg $2\frac{1}{40}$ kg |
| | $\frac{243}{8} \quad \frac{81}{40} \quad \frac{243}{8} \quad \frac{40}{81}$ |
| | 3 5 15 |

11. The total length of a rope $58\frac{13}{20}$ m

number of ropes 17

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| the length of each piece | $\frac{\text{Total length of a rope}}{\text{Number of ropes}}$ |
| | $58\frac{13}{20} \quad 17$ |
| | $\frac{1173}{17} \text{ m} \quad \frac{69}{20} \text{ m} \quad 3\frac{9}{20} \text{ m}$ |

12. In a school,

The fraction of boys $\frac{4}{7}$

the fraction of girls $1\frac{4}{7}$

$$\frac{7}{7} \quad \frac{4}{7} \quad \frac{3}{7}$$

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| total number of students | $\frac{\text{Number of girls}}{\text{The fraction of girls}}$ |
| | $210 \quad \frac{3}{7} \quad 210 \quad \frac{7}{3}$ |
| | 70 7 490 |

the number of boys the total number of students number of girls
 $490 \quad 210 \quad 280$

13. Product of two numbers $15\frac{5}{6} \quad \frac{95}{6}$

And, one number $6\frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{19}{3}$

the order number ?

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| total order number | $\frac{\text{Product of two numbers}}{\text{One number}}$ |
| | $\frac{95}{6} \quad \frac{19}{3} \quad \frac{95}{6} \quad \frac{3}{19}$ |
| | $\frac{5}{2} \quad 2\frac{1}{2}$ |

14. Distance covered in $9\frac{1}{2}$ hours $432\frac{1}{4}$ km

distance covered in 1 hour $432\frac{1}{4} \quad 9\frac{1}{2}$ km

(a) distance covered in $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours $432\frac{1}{4} \quad 9\frac{1}{2} \quad 6\frac{1}{2}$ km

$$\frac{1729}{4} \quad \frac{2}{19} \quad \frac{13}{2} \text{ km}$$

$$\frac{91}{4} \quad 13 \quad \frac{1183}{4} \text{ km}$$

$$295\frac{3}{4} \text{ km}$$

(b) Time taken to travel $256\frac{31}{50}$ km $256\frac{31}{50} \quad 432\frac{1}{4} \quad 9\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{12831}{50} \quad \frac{1729}{4} \quad \frac{19}{2}$$

$$\frac{12831}{50} \quad \frac{1729}{4} \quad \frac{2}{19}$$

$$\frac{12831}{50} \quad \frac{4}{1729} \quad \frac{19}{2}$$

$$\frac{12831}{25} \quad \frac{1}{91}$$

$$\frac{141}{50} \text{ hours} \quad 5\frac{16}{25} \text{ hours}$$

MCQ's

1. (b) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (c) 6. (a) 7. (c) 8. (a)

3

Decimals

Exercis 3.1

1. (a) $94.6 \quad 11 = \frac{946}{10} \quad \frac{11}{10} \quad \frac{10406}{10} \quad \mathbf{1040.6}$

(b) $25.645 \quad 2 = \frac{25645}{1000} \quad \frac{2}{1000} \quad \frac{51290}{1000} \quad \mathbf{51.29}$

(c) $13.459 \quad 7 = \frac{13459}{1000} \quad \frac{7}{1000} \quad \frac{94213}{1000} \quad \mathbf{94.213}$

(d) $0.835 \quad 21 = \frac{835}{1000} \quad \frac{21}{1000} \quad \frac{17535}{1000} \quad \mathbf{17.535}$

(e) $6.145 \quad 19 = \frac{6145}{1000} \quad \frac{19}{1000} \quad \frac{116755}{1000} \quad \mathbf{116.755}$

(f) $12.65 \quad 13 = \frac{1265}{100} \quad \frac{13}{100} \quad \frac{16445}{100} \quad \mathbf{164.45}$

2. (a) $6.179 \quad 10 \quad 61.79$

(b) $14.007 \quad 10 \quad 140.07$

(c) $24.795 \quad 100 \quad 2479.5$

(d) $0.009 \quad 1000 \quad 9$

(e) $0.014 \times 100 = 1.4$

(f) $473.6 \times 10000 = 47360000$

(g) $2.968 \times 10000 = 29680$

(h) $19.45 \times 100 = 1945$

3. (a) $23.2 \times 1.96 = \frac{232}{10} \times \frac{196}{100} = \frac{45472}{1000} = 45.472$

(b) $2.6 \times 1.8 = \frac{26}{10} \times \frac{18}{10} = \frac{468}{100} = 4.68$

(c) $18.75 \times 0.002 = \frac{1875}{100} \times \frac{2}{1000} = \frac{3750}{100000} = 0.0375$

(d) $9.46 \times 0.18 = \frac{946}{100} \times \frac{18}{100} = \frac{17028}{10000} = 1.7028$

(e) $24.65 \times 17.2 = \frac{2465}{100} \times \frac{172}{10} = \frac{423980}{1000} = 423.98$

(f) $123.45 \times 0.007 = \frac{12345}{100} \times \frac{7}{1000} = \frac{86415}{100000} = 0.86415$

(g) $4.0006 \times 0.003 = \frac{40006}{10000} \times \frac{3}{1000} = \frac{120018}{10000000} = 0.0120018$

(h) $45.61 \times 0.12 = \frac{4561}{100} \times \frac{12}{100} = \frac{54732}{10000} = 5.4732$

4. You need to just insert the decimal point carefully because the product of 265 and 397 is given as 105205.

(a) $2.765 \times 3.97 = 10.5205$

(b) $26.5 \times 0.0397 = 1.05205$

(c) $2.65 \times 0.00397 = 0.0105205$

(d) $2.65 \times 39700 = 105205$

5. (a) $1.1 \times 2.2 \times 0.2 = 0.484$

(b) $1.5 \times 1.5 \times 1.5 = 3.375$

(c) $0.002 \times 0.2 \times 200 = 0.08$

(d) $0.5 \times 5 \times 0.005 \times 500 = 6.25$

6. Cost of 1 m of cloth = ₹ 150.50

Cost of 14.25 m of cloth = ₹ 150.50 \times 14.25 = ₹ 2144.625

Hence, the cost of 14.25 m of cloth is ₹ 2144.625

7. Sugar in 1 bag = 85.25 kg

Sugar in 29 such bags = 29 \times 85.25 = 2472.25 kg

Hence, the total weight of sugar is 2472.25 kg in 29 such bags.

8. Let, length of the playground = 352.85 m

breadth of the playground = 155.25 m

Area of the playground = (length \times breadth)

= 352.85 \times 155.25 sq.m.

= 54779.9625 sq.m.

= 54779.963 sq.m.

9. Wages for a labourer for 1 hour = ₹ 24.60

labourer work for = 6.5 hours

Money earned by the labourer = ₹ 24.60 \times 6.5 = ₹ 159.90

10. Distance covered by Samuel in 1 hour = 50.75 km

distance covered by Samuel in 3.25 hours = (3.25 \times 50.75) km

164.9375 km

Exercise 3.2

1. (a) $7.2 \times 4 = \frac{72}{10} \times \frac{4}{1} = \frac{288}{10} = 28.8$

(b) $6.3 \times 9 = \frac{63}{10} \times \frac{9}{1} = \frac{567}{10} = 56.7$

(c) $3.24 \times 9 = \frac{324}{100} \times \frac{9}{1} = \frac{2916}{100} = 29.16$

(d) $60.72 \times 12 = \frac{6072}{100} \times \frac{12}{1} = \frac{72864}{100} = 728.64$

- (e) $58.944 \times 8 = \frac{58944}{1000} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7368}{1000} = 7.368$
- (f) $85.956 \times 12 = \frac{85956}{1000} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{7163}{1000} = 7.163$
- (g) $82.04 \times 14 = \frac{8204}{100} \times \frac{1}{14} = \frac{586}{100} = 5.86$
- (h) $77.055 \times 15 = \frac{77055}{1000} \times \frac{1}{15} = \frac{5137}{1000} = 5.137$
- (i) $3.45 \times 25 = \frac{345}{100} \times \frac{1}{25} = \frac{13.8}{100} = \frac{138}{10000} = 0.138$
- (j) $1.877 \times 25 = \frac{1877}{1000} \times \frac{1}{25} = \frac{75.08}{1000} = \frac{7508}{100000} = \frac{7508}{100000} = 0.07508$
- (k) $1302.4 \times 16 = \frac{13024}{10} \times \frac{1}{16} = \frac{814}{10} = 81.4$
- (l) $1125.3 \times 11 = \frac{11253}{10} \times \frac{1}{11} = \frac{1023}{10} = 102.3$

2. (a) $\frac{1423}{100} \times \frac{1423}{10} = \frac{1423}{1000} = 1.423$
- (b) $\frac{2364}{100} \times \frac{2364}{10} = 2.364$
- (c) $\frac{576}{100} \times \frac{576}{10} = 0.576$
- (d) $\frac{347}{1000} \times \frac{347}{10} = \frac{347}{10000} = 0.0347$
- (e) $\frac{456}{1000} \times \frac{456}{10} = \frac{456}{10000} = 0.0456$
- (f) $\frac{5}{100} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{5}{1000} = 0.005$
- (g) $\frac{71}{10} \times \frac{71}{100} = \frac{71}{1000} = 0.071$
- (h) $\frac{23756}{100} \times \frac{23756}{100} = \frac{23756}{10000} = 2.3756$
3. (a) $\frac{49}{10} \times \frac{1}{0.7} = \frac{49}{10} \times \frac{10}{7} = 7$
- (b) $\frac{441}{10} \times \frac{1}{2.1} = \frac{441}{10} \times \frac{10}{21} = 21$
- (c) $\frac{252}{100} \times \frac{1}{1.2} = \frac{252}{100} \times \frac{10}{12} = \frac{21}{10} = 2.1$
- (d) $\frac{969}{100} \times \frac{1}{1.9} = \frac{969}{100} \times \frac{10}{19} = \frac{51}{10} = 5.1$
- (e) $\frac{1305}{1000} \times \frac{1}{0.9} = \frac{1305}{1000} \times \frac{10}{9} = \frac{145}{100} = 1.45$
- (f) $\frac{25395}{1000} \times \frac{10}{15} = \frac{1693}{100} = 16.93$
- (g) $\frac{20484}{10000} \times \frac{100}{18} = \frac{1138}{100} = 11.38$
- (h) $\frac{56192}{1000} \times \frac{10}{32} = \frac{1756}{100} = 17.56$
- (i) $\frac{2366}{10} \times \frac{100}{26} = 910$
- (j) $\frac{625}{1000} \times \frac{1000}{25} = 25$
- (k) $\frac{1296}{1000} \times \frac{1000}{108} = 12$
- (l) $\frac{745}{100} \times \frac{100}{32} = \frac{745}{32} = 23.28125$

4. Sohail travels in 17 minutes 11.05 km
 Sohail travels in 1 minutes $\frac{11.05}{17}$ km
 Sohail travels in 19.5 minutes $\frac{11.05}{17} \times 19.5$
 $= \frac{215.475}{17} = 12.675$ km

5. The cost of 16.5 kg onions = ₹ 255.75

The cost of 1 kg onions = ₹ $\frac{255.75}{16.5}$

The cost of 2 kg onions = ₹ $\frac{255.75}{16.5} \times 2 = \frac{511.5}{16.5}$ ₹ 31

6. Area of rectangle = 915.9 sq.m.; breadth = ?
length = 35.5 m

breadth $\frac{\text{Area}}{\text{length}} = \frac{915.9}{35.5}$ **25.8 m**

7. Perimeter = 260.8 m

Area of the square $\frac{P^2}{4} = \frac{P^2}{16} = \frac{26.08 \times 26.08}{16}$

$\frac{68016.64}{16}$ **4251.04 sq.m**

8. Cost of 19 books = ₹ 1206.50

Cost of 1 books = $1206.50 \div 19 = ₹ 63.5$

Cost of 22 books = ₹ $22 \times 63.5 = ₹ 1397$

Rashmi should pay (₹ 1397 - ₹ 1206.50) ₹ **190.5** more for the books.

9. Cost of 11 l of oil = ₹ 940.50

Cost of 1 l of oil $940.50 \div 11 = ₹ 85.5$

Cost of 15 l of oil = ₹ $15 \times 85.5 = ₹ 1282.5$

10. 17 shirts are stitched in = 316.25 m of cloth

1 shirts are stitched in $\frac{316.25}{17}$ m of cloth

24 shirts are stitched in $24 \times \frac{316.25}{17} = \frac{7590}{17}$

446.470 m of cloth

11. Total capacity of the tank = 53.75 l

Capacity of 1 jar = 2.15 l

Number of jars = $53.75 \div 2.15 = \frac{5375}{215}$ **25**

25 jars are required to make empty the full tank.

12. Total length of the ribbon = 52.80 m

Total length of 1 ribbon piece of = 1.65 m

no. of ribbon to be cut from the length of ribbon $52.80 \div 1.65 = \frac{5280}{165}$ **32 m**

13. Cost of 254.509 l of Petrol = ₹ 11452.50

Cost of 1 l of petrol = $11452.50 \div 254.50$

$\frac{1145250}{25450} = ₹ 45$

Exercise 3.3

1. 2.5 0.5 4 2.5

2.5 0.5 10

5 10

15

(On operating 4 2.5)

(On operating 2.5 0.5)

(On operating 5 10)

2. 1.1 0.1 3.01 0.01

- 0.11 3.01 0.01 (On operating 1.1 0.1)
 3.12 0.01 (On operating 0.11 3.01)
 3.11 (On operating 3.11 0.01)
3. 1.4 3.2+2 2.1 0.8
 4.48 4.2 0.8 (On operating 1.4×3.2 and 2×2.1)
 8.68 0.8 (On operating 4.48 4.2)
 7.88 (On operating 8.68 0.8)
4. 14 2 4 0.5 3
 14 0.5 0.5 3 (On operating 2 4)
 14 0.5 1.5 (On operating 0.5 3)
 14.5 1.5 (On operating 14 0.5)
 13 (On operating 14.5 1.5)
5. $12 \frac{1}{2}$ 0.5 $\frac{5}{2}$ 1
 $12 \frac{2}{1}$ 0.5 $\frac{5}{2}$ 1 (On operating $12 \frac{1}{2}$)
 24 1.25 1 (On operating $12 \frac{2}{1}$ and $0.5 \frac{5}{2}$)
 25.25 1 24.25
6. 9 2.5 0.5 1
 9 5 1 (On operating 2.5 0.5)
 14 1 (On operating 9 5)
 13 (On operating 14 1)
7. 8.5 1.7 1.2 0.9 of 1.2
 8.5 1.7 1.2 1.08 (On operating 8.5 1.7)
 5 1.2 1.08 (On operating 5 1.2)
 6.2 1.08 (On operating 6.2 1.08)
 5.12
8. 2.5 4 25.5 2.5 of 2
 2.5 4 25.5 5 (On operating 2.5 4)
 10 25.5 5 (On operating 25.5 4)
 3.625 (On operating 10 6.375)
9. 13 5.2 0.024 of 8 0.3
 13 5.2 0.192 0.3
 2.5 0.192 0.3 (On operating 13 5.2)
 2.992 (On operating $2.5 + 0.192 + 0.3$)
10. 4 3.2 37.8 6.5 of 3
 4 32 37.8 19.5
 0.125 37.8 19.5 (On operating 4 32)
 37.925 19.5 (On operating 0.125 37.8)
 18.425 (On operating 37.925 19.5)

MCQ's

1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (a) 6. (b) 7. (b) 8. (c)